

Transocean Ltd. and Subsidiaries Supplemental Effective Tax Rate Analysis

(In US\$ millions)

	Three months ended						Years ended			
	December 31, 2014		September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013		December 31, 2014		December 31, 2013	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$	(752)	\$	(2,278)	\$	264	\$	(1,800)	\$	1,656
Add back (subtract):										
Litigation matters		-		(21)		17		(18)		120
One-time termination benefits		1		4		6		10		32
Loss on early lease termination		-		-		3		-		3
Loss on impairment of goodwill and other assets		1,210		2,768		27		4,043		64
(Gain) loss on disposal of other assets, net		(6)		3		1		(4)		(33)
Loss on financial instruments		-		-		-		-		19
Loss on retirement of debt		8		-		-		13		2
Adjusted income from continuing operations before income taxes		461		476		318		2,244		1,863
Income tax (benefit) expense from continuing operations Add back (subtract):		10		(16)		44		146		258
Litigation matters		-		(7)		6		(6)		42
One-time termination benefits		-		1		1		1		5
Loss on impairment of goodwill and other assets		48		95		-		143		-
(Gain) loss on disposal of other assets, net		(2)		-		-		(2)		(12)
Changes in estimates (1)		66		45		5		138		82
Adjusted income tax expense from continuing operations (2)	\$	122	\$	118	\$	56	\$	420	\$	375
Effective Tax Rate (3)		-1.3%		0.7%		16.7%		-8.1%		15.6%
Annual Effective Tax Rate (4)		26.5%		24.8%		17.6%		18.7%		20.1%

- (1) Our estimates change as we file tax returns, settle disputes with tax authorities or become aware of other events and include changes in (a) deferred taxes, (b) valuation allowances on deferred taxes and (c) other tax liabilities.
- (2) The three months and twelve months ended December 31, 2014 includes \$36 million of additional tax expense (benefit) reflecting the catch-up effect of an increase (decrease) in the annual effective tax rate from the previous quarter estimate.
- (3) Effective Tax Rate is income tax expense for continuing operations, divided by income from continuing operations before income taxes.
- (4) Annual Effective Tax Rate is income tax expense for continuing operations, excluding various discrete items (such as changes in estimates and tax on items excluded from income before income taxes), divided by income from continuing operations before income tax expense, excluding gains and losses on sales and similar items pursuant to the accounting standards for income taxes and estimating the annual effective tax rate.