

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

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- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- o **Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))**
- o Definitive Proxy Statement
- x Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

TRANSOCEAN LTD.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

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- x No fee required.
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Transocean Ltd.

May 2013

www.deepwater.com

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I. Progress

- Improved operational and financial performance with reduction in litigation uncertainties

II. Execution

- Positioned to deliver through highly capable fleet and margin improvement initiatives

III. Balanced Capital Allocation

- Sustainable dividend that supports future increases along with disciplined, high-return investment in the fleet

IV. Leadership

- Independent and experienced Board with proven track record that has – and continues to – undergo significant renewal

V. Icahn's Misguided Agenda

- Focused on potential short-term gains at the expense of long-term shareholder value
- Icahn nominees are closely tied to Icahn and lack relevant experience

VI. Appendix



Progress

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- Strong 2012 operating performance reflected in financial results
 - Increased revenue efficiency to 93% from ~91% in 2011
 - Utilization up ~9% to 78% year-over-year
 - Improved adjusted earnings per share from operations by ~160%*
 - Cash flow from operations up ~50% to \$2.7 billion from 2011
 - Created \$16.8 billion in contract backlog
- Transocean set to deliver for all its stakeholders
 - Clear progress towards operational imperatives
 - Focused asset strategy improving long-term competitiveness
 - Executing on margin improvement strategy
 - Substantial contract backlog of almost \$30 billion provides visibility
 - Continued focus on resolution of remaining litigation uncertainties
 - Proposed \$2.24 per share dividend, allowing for sustainable return of capital with the goal of future increases

Note

*Adjusted earnings per share was \$3.96 per share and \$1.52 per share for 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Macondo Incident

- Civil and criminal settlement agreements reached with Department of Justice comprising \$1.4 billion paid over five years
 - Phase 1 of trial concluded 4/17/13; Parties to prepare and submit post-trial briefing over next 3 months
 - Phase 2 of trial scheduled to start in September 2013

Brazil – Frade Field Incident

- Preliminary injunction served on Transocean 9/27/12; lifted by Court of Appeals 11/27/12
- Criminal case against Transocean and employees dismissed by Court 3/15/13
- Vigorously pursuing final and comprehensive resolution of underlying litigation
 - Currently no restrictions on Transocean in Brazil

Norway Tax Case

- Trial commenced December 2012; decisions anticipated early 2014
- Norwegian Court overturned Arcade civil tax assessment; State filed appeal
- Believe our tax returns are materially correct as filed and continue to vigorously contest assertions to the contrary

Recent reduction in litigation exposure; however, uncertainties remain

Progress

Proposing an Attractive Dividend



- Operational and litigation successes permit reinstatement of dividend
 - Proposed dividend of \$2.24 per share, or approximately \$800 million
- Robust but responsible dividend with goal of maximizing long-term value creation and, importantly, in our view establishes a basis that is sustainable and supports future dividend increases
 - In the future, increases in annual distributions may be appropriate once litigation uncertainties are further resolved
 - Represents one of the industry's largest payout ratios and implied yields
 - Consistent with history of returning cash to shareholders
 - Including currently proposed dividend, since 2000 Transocean will have returned approximately \$21 billion* in cash to shareholders through distributions and share repurchases

Disciplined strategy that balances return of capital with financial flexibility required to maintain long-term competitiveness and ability to deliver future increases in return of capital

Note

*Includes \$5 billion distributed to GlobalSantaFe shareholders

Transocean's Board of Directors provides strategic guidance and leadership

- Encouraged the company's focus on technological innovation and training, resulting in and sustaining Transocean's industry leadership position
- Advised management's decisions through various industry cycles
- Actively implemented a high-specification-focused asset strategy, repositioning the company to compete for the long term
- Guided management through an extraordinary crisis following the Macondo incident
- Fully engaged in the development and implementation of successful operational imperatives
- Strategy to regularly infuse fresh perspectives into an already experienced Board; six of the 13 directors have been added to the Board in the last two years. All but one director (CEO) is independent



Execution

- **Capitalize on industry expansion through well-positioned rig portfolio**
- **Continue to improve operational performance**
 - Revenue efficiency – we believe historic levels ~95% are achievable and sustainable
 - Technical improvements
 - Contractual enhancements
 - Reduce out-of-service time
 - Planning, executing to plan, collaboration with vendors
 - Reduce costs
 - Initiatives focused on shore-based costs and rig operating costs
- **Continue to execute asset strategy**
 - Grow leadership position in high-capability assets – floaters and jackups
 - All options evaluated – build, acquire and/or divest
- **Further reduction of litigation exposures**

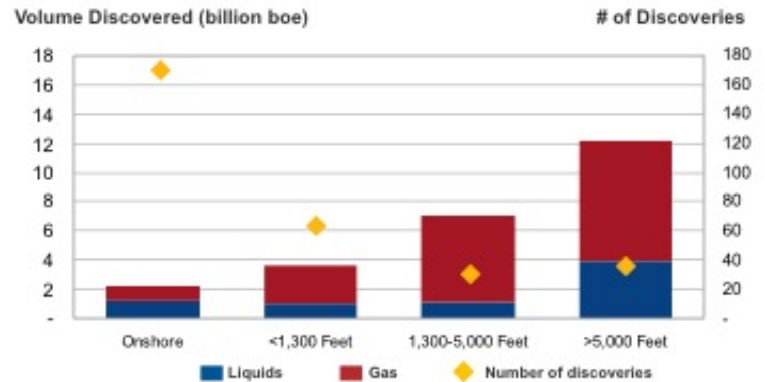
Execution

Positioned for UDW Market Demand



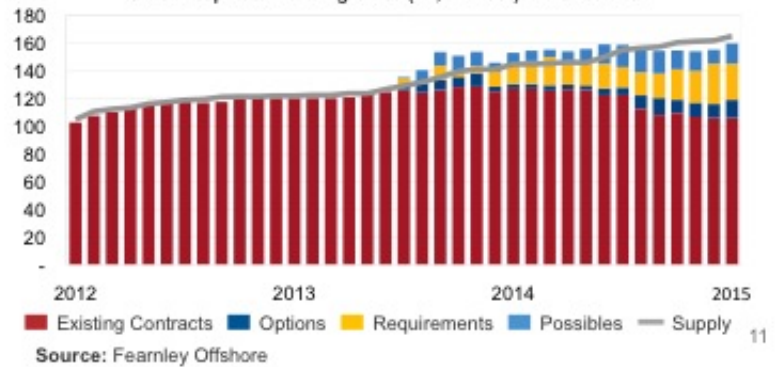
- Robust deepwater exploration performance in 2012 provides strong pipeline for future demand
 - 28% of volume discovered in conventional deepwater (1,300 – 5,000 feet)*
 - 49% of volume discovered in ultra-deepwater (>5,000 feet)*
- Ultra-deepwater rig market remains tight
 - Believe Transocean has the world's most capable fleet of ultra-deepwater rigs
- Inquiries from customers beginning to shift from generic to specific
 - Transocean has a highly capable fleet of high-specification rigs
 - We have the ability to offer various high-specification solutions
 - We have customer confidence and vast experience to deploy our assets to new frontiers
- Transocean's disciplined, high-return investment strategy will be primarily focused on UDW market

New Field Resources Discovered in 2012
(by Water Depth)



Source: Wood Mackenzie

Contract Status and Expected Demand 2005 – 2015
Ultra-Deepwater Drilling Units (>7,500 feet) – Worldwide



Source: Fearnley Offshore

Note
* Represents deepwater and ultra-deepwater as classified by Wood Mackenzie

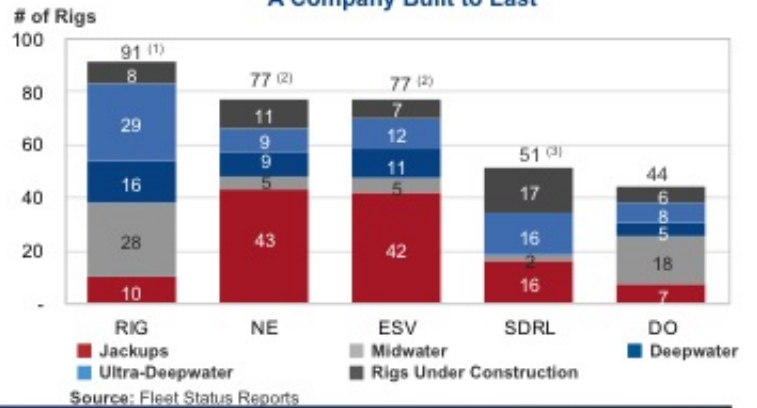
Execution

Building World's Highest-Quality Fleet



- Favorably positioned to take advantage of positive industry outlook
 - Believe we have world's most capable fleet of high-specification floaters
 - Operates in most major markets worldwide
 - Significant relationships across the customer spectrum
 - Leading position in ultra-deepwater market segment
 - Size and technical capabilities create reinvestment opportunities
- However, to continue to position Transocean for future success, investments are required to ensure long-term competitiveness

A Company Built to Last

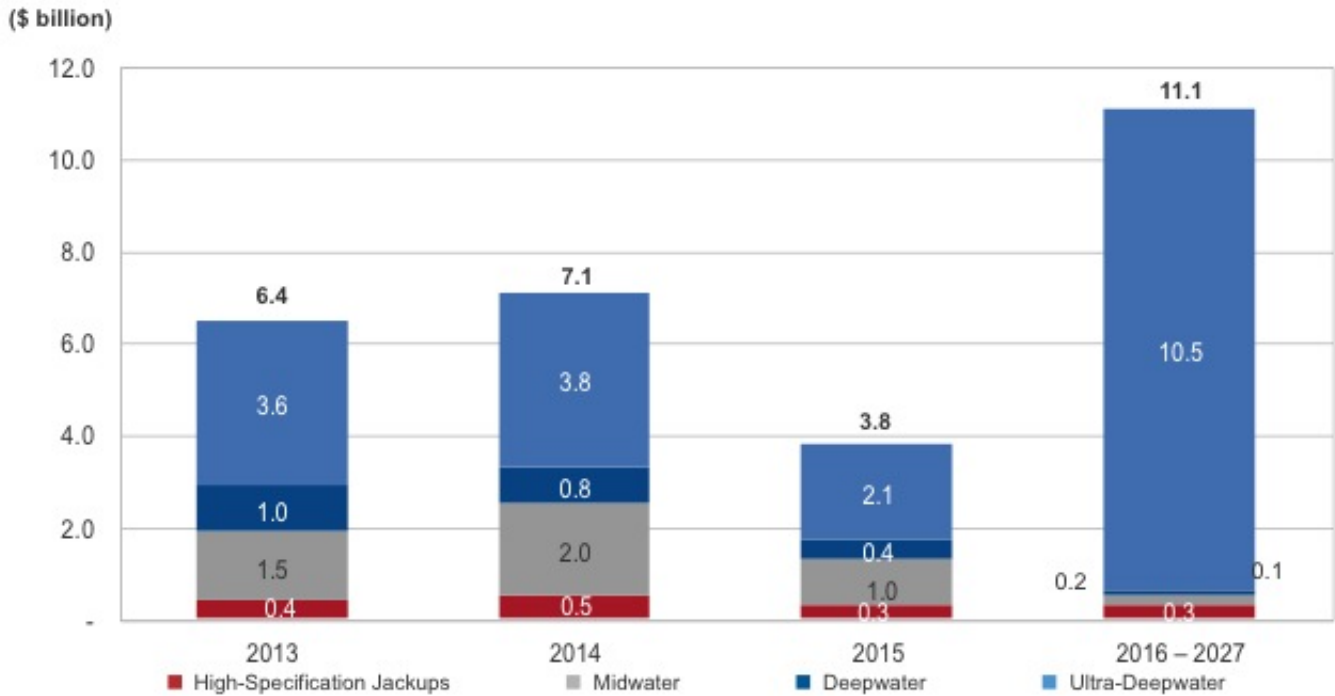


Global Operational Footprint



Note
Refer to the end of the presentation for detailed notes

Transocean's Contract Backlog



Total Backlog from Continuing Operations – \$28.5 billion ⁽⁴⁾

Note
Refer to the end of the presentation for detailed notes

Execution

Continued Operational Improvement

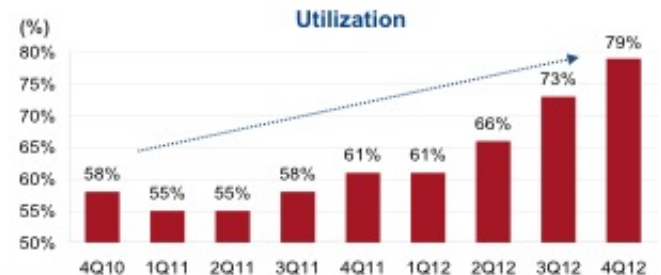


- Focus on execution and operations have led to:
 - Increased revenue efficiency and utilization
 - Captured \$16.8 billion in contract backlog
 - Cash flow from operations up ~50% to \$2.7 billion from 2011

Transocean is Delivering On Its Promise of Operational Improvement



- Technical improvements
- Improved contract terms
- Historic levels believed achievable and sustainable; progress will be gradual, non-linear



- Emphasis on planning, execution, collaboration with vendors
- "Unit exchange" versus "inspect and repair"

Transocean successfully navigated through a period of tremendous uncertainty and the company is prepared for future growth

- Margin expansion initiatives separated into two key areas
 - Shore-based costs – organizational efficiency
 - Rig operating costs – execution efficiency
- Initial phase focuses primarily on shore-based organizational efficiency
 - Emphasis on delivering the most efficient and appropriate support to operations
 - Streamline support functions, e.g., finance, human resources, supply chain
 - Annualized cost savings expected to be ~\$300 million
- Organizational changes should begin to take effect in late 2013; permanent reductions expected 2014 and beyond
 - Any 2013 cost reduction benefits likely offset by severance and restructuring costs
- Margin expansion initiatives related to offshore operations underway
- We will provide periodic updates on savings expectations, progress and timetables

Execution

Operational Improvements Reflected in Cash Flow Generation

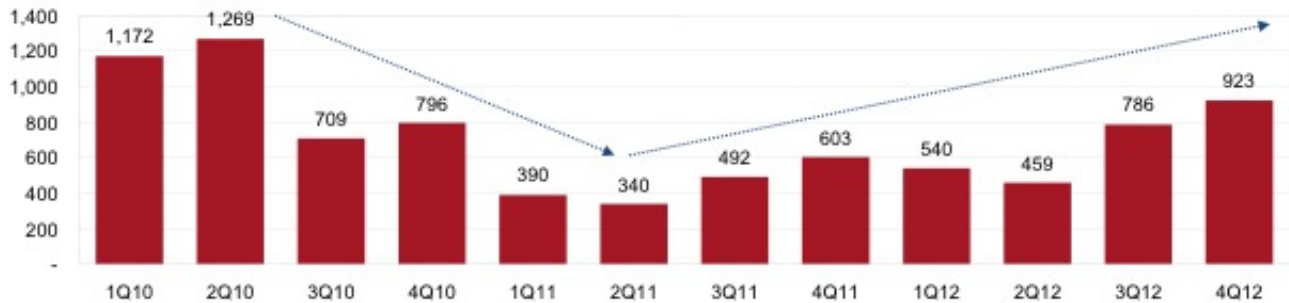


- Operating cash flow started to deteriorate in 2010 as fleet utilization declined following the Macondo incident due to idling of rigs, significantly higher out-of-service days for maintenance, recertification and repair projects, and deteriorating revenue efficiency of operating rigs
- Significant improvement in revenue efficiency and utilization throughout 2012 reflected accordingly in recent operating cash flow profile
- Improvements in cost structure expected to further enhance cash flow conversion

Cash Conversion Continues to Improve

Operating Cash Flow

(\$ million)



Source: Company Filings

- Grow our leadership position in high-specification assets
 - Build, acquire, divest and / or spin-off
- Core, strategic asset portfolio
 - Ultra-deepwater
 - Harsh environment
 - High-specification jackups
 - High-quality floaters



Fleet expansion

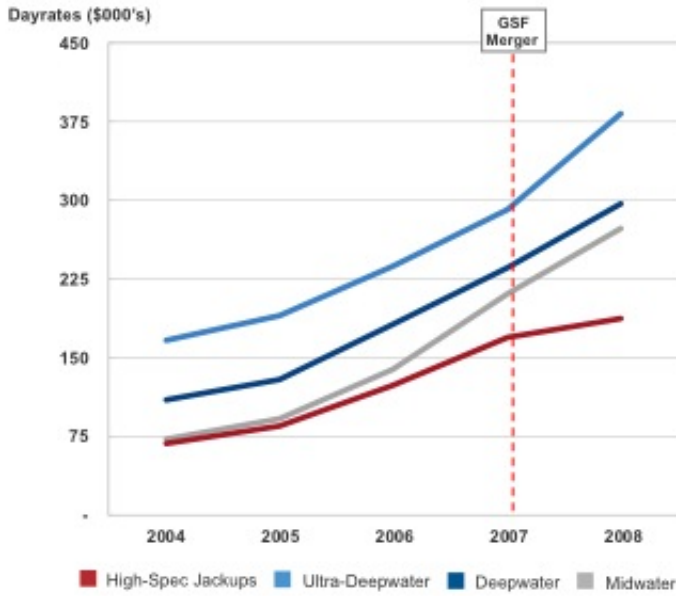
- Four dynamically-positioned ultra-deepwater drillships
- 10-year contracts (\$7.6 billion of long-dated backlog) with Shell
- ~\$3.0 billion investment with attractive terms
- Net cash flow generated over the contracts of ~\$4.2 billion, a simple payback of 140%
- Expect to return well in excess of our cost of capital over the 35-year life of the assets
- Ships have advanced capabilities: Dual activity, industry-leading hoisting capacity
- Second blow-out preventer system
- 12,000 ft water depth, 40,000 ft drilling depth
- Outfitted to accommodate a future upgrade to a 20,000 psi BOP

Execution

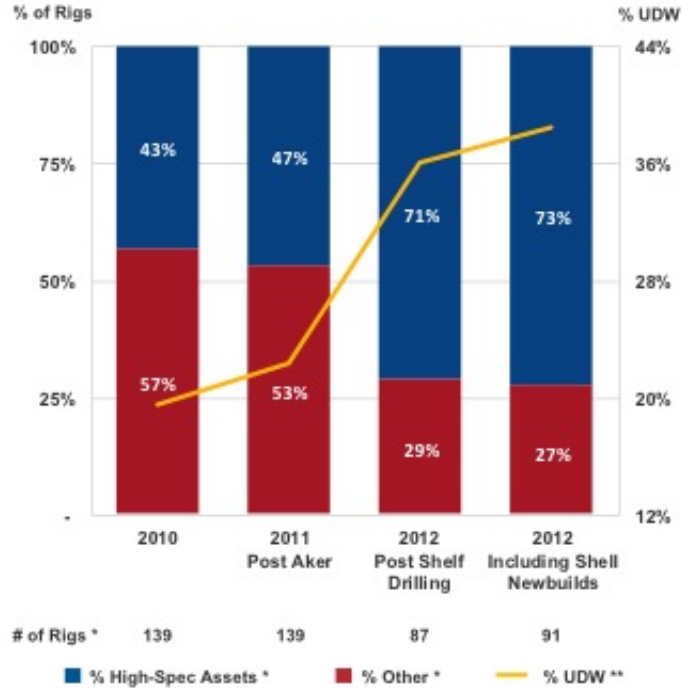
High-Grade Asset Transformation



Transformative GSF Merger Maximized Exposure to Rising Dayrates...



...Recent Transactions Consistently Focused on High-Grade Transformation



Source: Company Filings, ODS Petrodata

Note

* Includes rigs under construction; Excludes rigs held for sale, barges, mobile offshore production units and coring drillships

** Includes rigs with water depth capacity of 7,500 feet or higher, in service or under construction

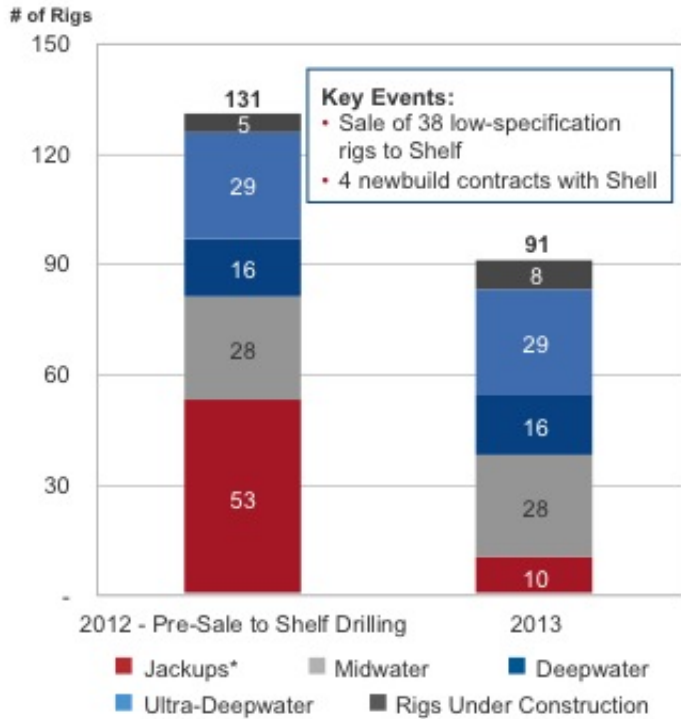
- Sold 38 low-specification rig package to Shelf Drilling
 - Buyer group has deep industry experience
 - Transocean will provide support to facilitate a successful transition
 - A significant step forward in execution of asset strategy
- Divested 19 additional non-core rigs in single-asset transactions (2011 – YTD 2013)
- Renewed emphasis on high-specification assets – both floaters and jackups
- Provides opportunities for efficiency improvement
- Focus improves Transocean's long-term competitiveness

Execution

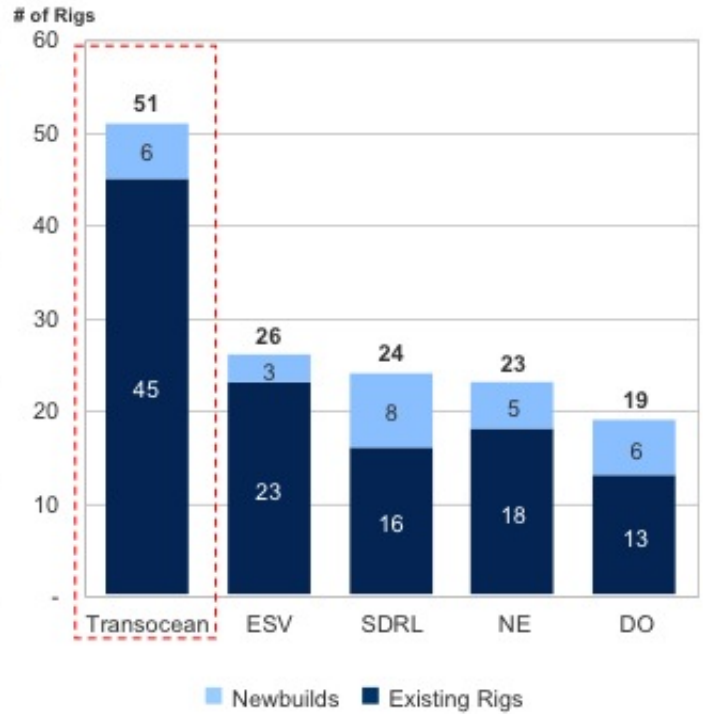
Accelerating Portfolio Transformation



Transocean's Portfolio Transformation



~2x UDW and DW Rigs vs. Closest Peer



Note
* 2013 jackups are all high-specification

Source: Fleet Status Reports



Balanced Capital Allocation

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Balanced Capital Allocation

Maximizing Shareholder Value



Balanced Capital Allocation

Financial Flexibility Drives
Long-Term Value



- We believe financial flexibility is essential in a capital-intensive and cyclical business
- Future capital requirements include:
 - Remaining litigation uncertainties
 - Progress made in reducing litigation exposure, but some uncertainty remains
 - Future return of capital
 - Goal of increasing distributions in the future
 - Disciplined, high-return investments
 - Needed to upgrade fleet to ensure long-term competitiveness

Transocean believes that the loss of financial flexibility would have a detrimental impact on long-term shareholder value

Balanced Capital Allocation

Actions to Enhance Financial Flexibility



- Continued resolution of outstanding litigation
- Reinstated highly attractive, but in our view responsible, dividend
 - Allows for future increases in distributions as litigation uncertainties diminish
- Prudent investment in the fleet resulting in the following deliveries:
 - 2011 – Three high-specification floaters
 - 2012 – One premium jackup
 - 2013 – Three premium jackups
 - 2014 and beyond – Six ultra-deepwater drillships, including the Shell newbuilds
- Maintained investment grade rating through challenging period
 - Accelerated retirement of debt
- Continue to divest select non-core assets
- Maintain flexibility through renewal of company's authorized share capital
 - The Board currently has no plans to exercise this authority

Balanced Capital Allocation

Importance of Investment
Grade (IG) Rating



A downgrade would have real, adverse implications for Transocean:

- Access – non-IG market is subject to significant market dislocation in periods of instability
- More restrictive covenants for non-IG bonds
- It takes approximately three years to have an investment grade rating reinstated after a downgrade
 - Long period of limited financing options
- Increased cost of new debt financing (significant value at risk with \$12.5 billion debt balance)
- Possible impact on contract and/or payment terms
- Potential consequences resulting from National Oil Companies' (NOC) evaluation of financial and operational “substance” of Transocean as counterparty

Strength and resilience of Transocean's balance sheet is reflected in its investment grade rating – in our view a downgrade would have a real, negative impact on long-term shareholder value

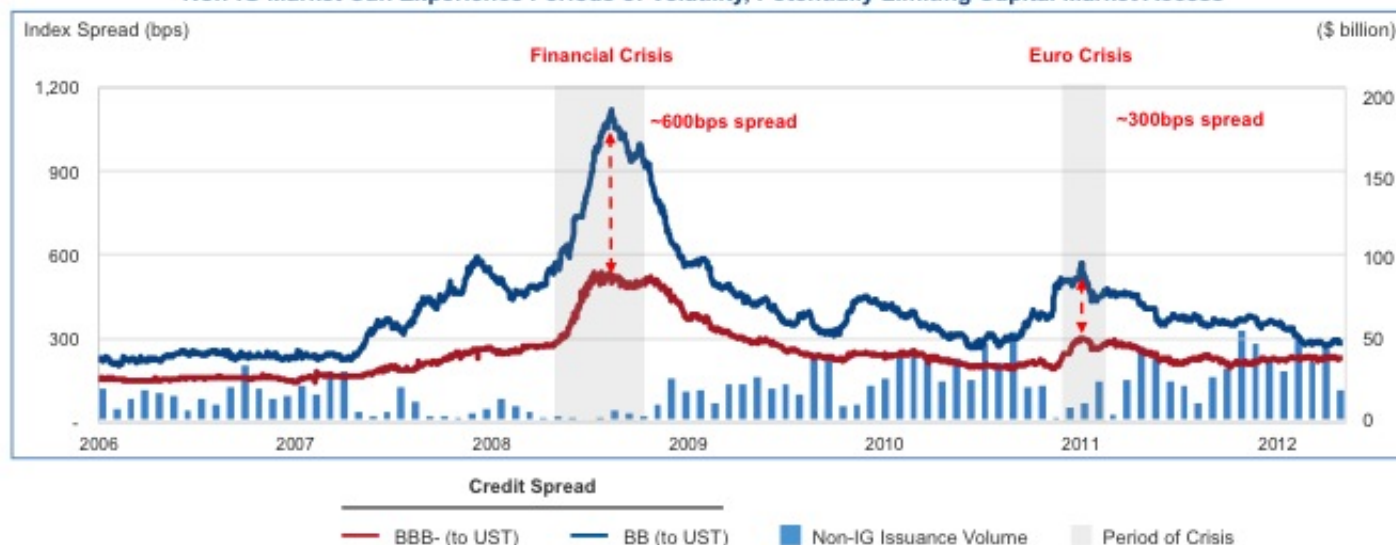
Balanced Capital Allocation

Access and Cost of Capital



- Continued access to low cost capital, we believe, is important in a cyclical, asset-intensive industry to preserve shareholder value
- IG market is bigger and more liquid than the non-IG market
- During periods of financial crises (as recently as 2011), spreads widened significantly between IG and non-IG debt, with non-IG markets becoming inaccessible at times

Non-IG Market Can Experience Periods of Volatility, Potentially Limiting Capital Market Access



Source: Bloomberg, ThomsonOne

Balanced Capital Allocation

Financial Flexibility – Downgrade Impact



- Although there is currently significant demand for high yield credit, over the past five years there have been periods of significant market dislocation
- While the current spread between investment grade and non-investment grade is only ~54bps, it has averaged ~178bps since 2007 and has been as high as ~294bps during the Euro crisis in the summer of 2011

Illustrative Impact of Downgrade on Transocean's Share Price

Based on \$12.5 Billion of Total Transocean Debt ⁽⁵⁾

	Period		
	Current	2007 - Current Avg	Euro Crisis ⁽⁶⁾
BBB- vs BB Spread (bps)	53.5	177.6	294.3
Additional Annual Interest (\$MM)	66.7	221.3	366.7
Impact on EPS (\$) ⁽⁷⁾	(0.15)	(0.49)	(0.82)
P / E Multiple (x) ⁽⁸⁾	10.5	10.5	10.5
Impact on Share Price (\$)	(1.56)	(5.18)	(8.59)
Discount to Current (%) ⁽⁸⁾	(3.2)	(10.7)	(17.7)

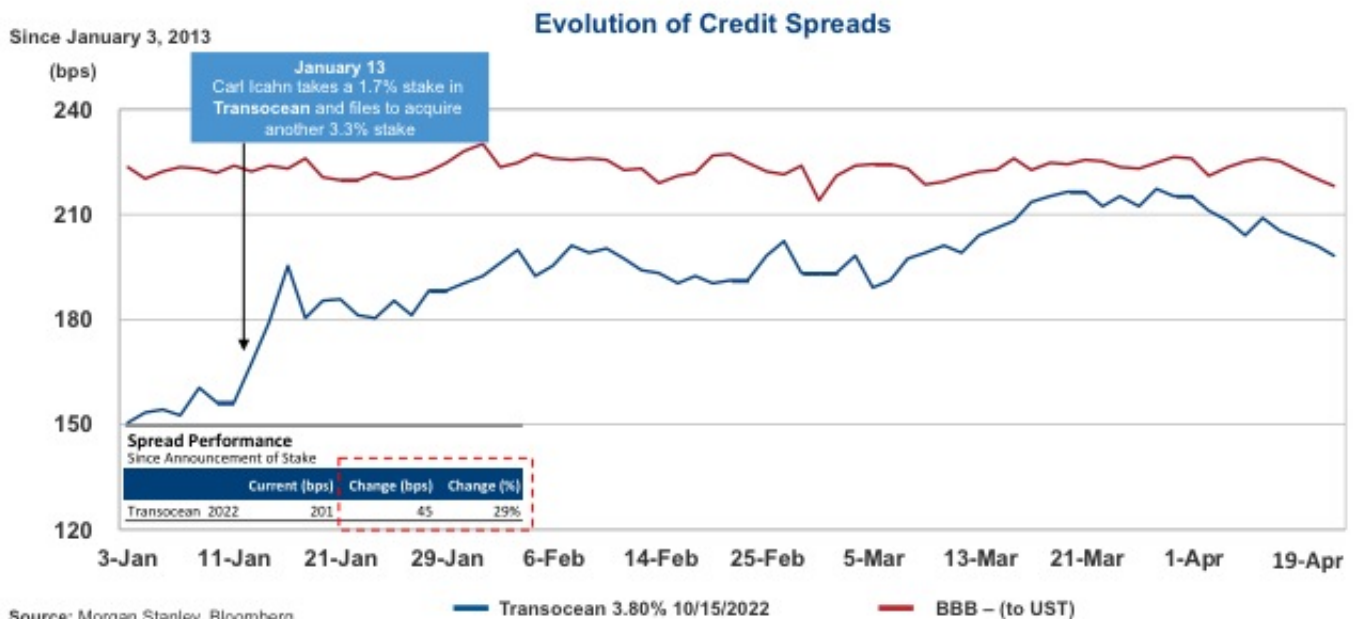
Note
Refer to the end of the presentation for detailed notes

Balanced Capital Allocation

Detrimental Impact on Cost of Capital



- Since the Icahn announcement, Transocean spreads have widened 45bps
- The widening in spreads occurred following the announcement of Mr. Icahn's stake, highlighting the credit market's concerns about his short-term focus and higher-risk proposals



Source: Morgan Stanley, Bloomberg

Balanced Capital Allocation

Strong Rating Agency Support For Board's Capital Allocation Proposals



Moody's Commentary

"[S]hould the activist shareholder proposal for a larger dividend receive...approval, a downgrade cannot be ruled out as it is unlikely that leverage targets can be achieved with this amount of cash being diverted from debt repayment and prepayment." – *Moody's (March 13, 2013)*

"[The] proposal to prepay \$1 billion in debt signals that the company is trying to balance short-term shareholder interests with longer-term financial flexibility in this highly cyclical business...[the] risk of additional shareholder-friendly actions justifies a continuation of our negative outlook." – *Moody's (March 5, 2013)*

"At some point the offshore drilling market will enter into a cyclical downturn. A higher dividend than what is being proposed could put Transocean on the defensive and impact their ability to buy rigs and win business from weaker competitors. The question is whether the company will be the hunter or the hunted." – *Moody's (March 5, 2013)*

S&P Commentary

"[Transocean's] credit ratios, though improving, remain weak for the rating." – *S&P (January 8, 2013)*

"We view the company's financial risk profile as "significant." As of Sept. 30, 2012, Transocean had about \$14.8 billion of total debt, including our standard adjustments for operating leases, pension and postretirement obligations, and accrued interest." – *S&P (December 28, 2012)*

- High-return additions of new, state-of-the-art drilling rigs are, in our view, essential for the long-term competitiveness of the company
 - Represents primary source of growth and future operating income
 - A lack of investment in high-return assets would compromise the company's long-term viability
- Prefer to not add incremental capacity to market
 - Will buy existing capacity, with or without contract
 - Strong preference to build to contract
- Disciplined economic criteria (buy or build)
 - Must fit high-specification strategy
 - Economic returns must exceed cost of capital
 - Prefer significant, simple payback during initial contract period → 80% target
 - Strong, flexible balance sheet necessary if company is to act opportunistically

Balanced Capital Allocation

Capital Investment – Shell Newbuilds



Strategic Rationale

- Long-term (10-year) contracts for each of the four newbuilds
- Profitable growth opportunity and asset portfolio improvement
- Strategic placement of state-of-the-art unit with a major international customer
- Expands market position in ultra-deepwater

Financial Rationale

- \$7.6 billion increase in backlog; long-dated
- Expect to return approximately ~\$4.2 billion or 140% simple payback over the initial contract period
- Significant free cash flow contribution

Illustrative Shell Newbuild Timeline

- Four Shell newbuilds phased in over a 15-18 month period estimated to begin in Q4 2015
- Estimated rig life based on timeline illustrated below



Balanced Capital Allocation

Board Focused on Return
of Capital



- Proposed dividend:
 - Represents one of the industry's highest implied payout ratios and dividend yields
 - Supported by many Transocean shareholders and members of the equity research community
 - Provides basis for increased return of capital in the future, while allowing Transocean to maintain a strong and flexible balance sheet and the ability to invest to ensure competitiveness
- Although progress has been made in resolving legal uncertainties, distributing capital in excess of proposed dividend in the context of remaining uncertainties could be detrimental to long-term shareholder value

Additional returns of capital may be appropriate
once litigation uncertainties diminish

Note
*Includes \$5 billion distributed to GlobalSantaFe shareholders

Balanced Capital Allocation

Return of Capital –
History of Delivering



- GlobalSantaFe Merger  ~\$15 Billion*
- Share Repurchases  ~\$4 Billion
- Cumulative Dividends  ~\$1 Billion
- Proposed Dividend  ~\$0.8 Billion

Total Capital Returned

~\$21 Billion

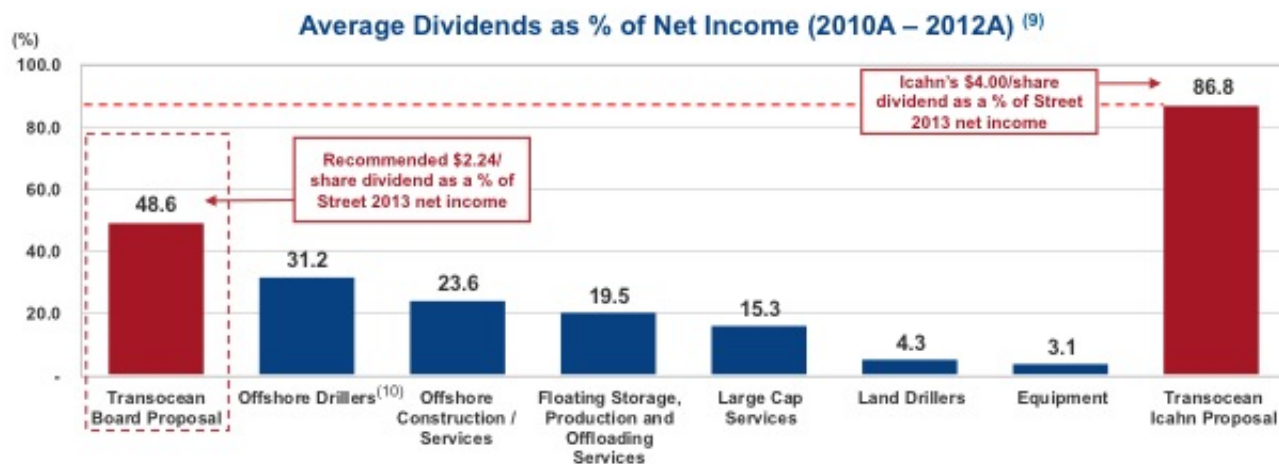
Note
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Balanced Capital Allocation

Return of Capital –
Substantial Payout



- Transocean's recommended dividend ranks favorably when viewed as a percentage of Street consensus 2013 net income
- In our opinion, payout ratios significantly higher than this level will threaten the company's operating flexibility and investment grade credit rating – putting its long-term performance at risk



Source: Capital IQ (April 19, 2013), Company Filings

Note
Refer to the end of the presentation for detailed notes

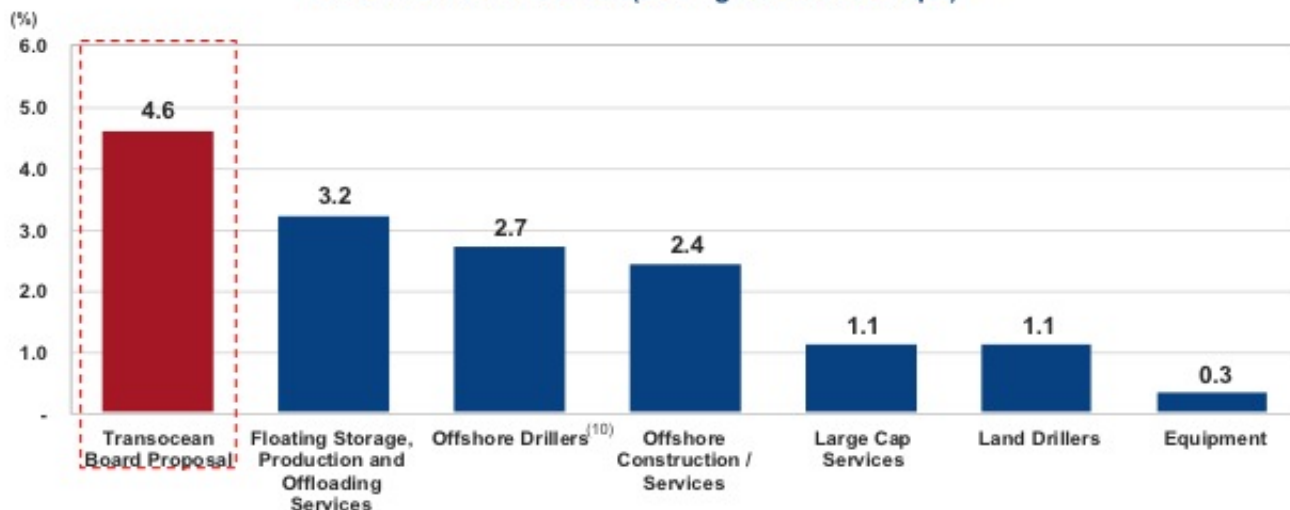
Balanced Capital Allocation

Return of Capital –
Compelling Yield



- Transocean's dividend yield of 4.6% (based on \$2.24 dividend/share) ranks favorably among other offshore drilling companies and other oilfield services sectors

Indicated Dividend Yield (Average of Peer Groups) ⁽¹¹⁾



Source: Capital IQ (April 19, 2013), Company Filings

Note
Refer to the end of the presentation for detailed notes

Balanced Capital Allocation

Analysts Agree with Our Approach



"At this point, we believe Icahn has an uphill battle heading into the shareholder vote on May 17 as we think it is undisputed that Transocean needs to high-grade its fleet, and handcuffing the company into such a high initial yield would put the company at a disadvantage" – **Megan Repine, FBR (4/16/13)**

"We think Transocean's dividend proposal of \$2.24 per share strikes a more reasonable balance between capital reinvestment in the fleet and return of capital to shareholders. If we compare Transocean's proposed payout with the rest of the industry's payouts, we think Transocean looks very reasonable." – **Stephen Ellis, Morningstar (4/5/13)**

"We believe it is in RIG shareholders' long term interests to re-stimulate growth instead of simply paying dividends (we agree with management's proposal of a ~4% yield dividend...)" – **Brad Handler, Jefferies (3/15/13)**

"The real risk with being downgraded is that if the sector turns, it is much more difficult to raise capital if you are a high-yield company with a constrained balance sheet." – **Harry Mateer, Barclays Credit Research (3/7/13)**

"While a higher dividend would be nice - we agree with management's decision to focus on both a dividend and a fleet renewal." – **Credit Suisse (3/21/13)**

"The announcement of \$2.24/share dividend struck the right balance between fiscal prudence and shareholder return." – **Mike Urban, Deutsche Bank (3/5/13)**

"A dividend of \$2.24 per share...equates to a healthy dividend yield of 4%. The \$4-per share dividend...is unreasonably high and could put the company's debt rating at risk with rating agencies." – **Robert MacKenzie, FBR (3/5/13)**

"We believe the correct dividend [proposed by the Board] is reasonable and achieves goals of growth, return of capital and financial flexibility." – **Angie Sedita, UBS (3/4/13)**

Balanced Capital Allocation

Corporate and Financing Structures



- In the interest of maximizing long-term value, the company continuously evaluates alternative corporate and financing structures with the goal of optimizing Transocean's cost of capital
- Transocean has a proven track record of executing value-enhancing corporate and financing structures
 - Tax inversion
 - Re-domestication to Switzerland
 - Largest-ever convertible bond offering
 - Secured revolver and asset-backed financing
- All financial and structural alternatives, including an MLP or MLP-like structure, require rigorous, in-depth analysis
 - We will continue to keep Transocean's shareholders informed of our progress



Leadership

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Leadership

Strong Corporate Governance and Board



Example		Performance / Action
Board Renewal	✓	Six independent directors added in last two years
Diverse Board Experience	✓	Proven business leaders with a broad and deep range of international leadership experience in oilfield and offshore drilling services, finance, manufacturing, law, health, safety and environment, and other areas crucial to the company's business
Commitment to Return of Capital	✓	Proposed dividend yield and payout ratio exceeds peer averages
Independent Chairman	✓	Separate CEO and Chairman roles
Executive Compensation In Line with Peers	✓	Executive compensation cited as low concern for proxy advisory firms

Transocean's approach to corporate governance is to regularly infuse fresh perspectives into an experienced and knowledgeable Board that has overseen significant progress during a uniquely challenging period in the company's history

Leadership

Fresh Perspectives Added to Experienced and Knowledgeable Board



Board of Directors

	Glyn Barker Former Vice Chairman - UK PricewaterhouseCoopers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant financial acumen and experience 30 years of finance experience
	Jagjeet S. Bindra Retired President - Chevron Global Manufacturing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant knowledge of engineering and strategic planning 35 years of international experience in all segments of the energy industry
	Thomas W. Cason Former Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer - Baker Hughes Incorporated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extensive professional experience in the finance area of the oilfield services industry Significant financial acumen and experience 14 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Vanessa C.L. Chang Director - EL & EL Investments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant financial acumen and experience 38 years of finance experience
	Chad Deaton Retired Executive Chairman - Baker Hughes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant technical knowledge and experience 27 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Tan Ek Kia Retired Vice President, Ventures and Developments, Asia Pacific and Middle East Region - Shell Chemicals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant technical knowledge and experience Provides substantial international perspective and experience 30+ years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Steve Lucas Retired Group Finance Director - National Grid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extensive professional experience in the finance area of the energy industry Provides substantial international perspective and experience

Directors Added to Board in Last Two Years

	Martin B. McNamara Former Partner - Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, LLP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extensive management experience with energy companies and experience as a lawyer representing energy clients 25+ years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Edward R. Muller Former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer - GenOn Energy, Inc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Varied energy industry experience from both corporate and board roles Significant financial acumen and experience
	Steven L. Newman President and CEO - Transocean Ltd.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Long-time company leader, managed through Macondo Unique perspective in industry and competitive matters 22 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Robert M. Sprague Former Executive - Royal Dutch/Shell	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant technical knowledge and experience as a customer Provides substantial international perspective and experience 36 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Ian C. Strachan Former Chairman - Instinet Group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extensive senior leadership experience, including experience in a major strategic restructuring 33 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	J. Michael Talbert Chairman of the Board - Transocean	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deep knowledge of the industry, customers and Transocean Extensive senior executive experience in the energy sector 32 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience
	Frederico F. Curado President and CEO - Embraer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant senior management experience operating an international corporation In-depth knowledge of Brazil, an important operating region for the company

New Director up for Election

Leadership

Strength of Transocean Nominees



Frederico F. Curado
President and CEO - Embraer

- Significant senior management experience operating an international corporation
- In-depth knowledge of Brazil, an important operating region for the company

Thomas W. Cason
Former Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer - Baker Hughes

- Extensive professional experience in the finance area of the oilfield services industry
- Significant financial acumen and experience
- 14 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience

Steven L. Newman
President and CEO - Transocean

- Long-time company leader, managed through Macondo
- Unique perspective in industry and competitive matters
- 22 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience

Robert M. Sprague
Former Executive - Royal Dutch/Shell

- Significant technical knowledge and experience as a customer
- Provides substantial international perspective and experience
- 36 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience

J. Michael Talbert
Chairman of the Board - Transocean

- Deep knowledge of the industry, customers and Transocean
- Extensive senior executive experience in the energy sector
- 32 years of oil and gas / offshore drilling experience



Icahn's Misguided Agenda

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We firmly believe:

- Icahn has failed to invest the appropriate time and analysis necessary to understand Transocean's business and industry
- Icahn has focused on potential short-term gains at the expense of the company's future and that of stakeholders
- Icahn has nominated Board nominees who are closely tied to him and who lack relevant industry and financial experience
- Distributing additional capital, above the \$800 million Board proposal, in the context of current uncertainties would be detrimental to long-term shareholder value
 - In the future, increases in the proposed \$2.24 per share distribution may be appropriate once litigation uncertainties diminish

Transocean's Board is focused on a balanced capital allocation strategy and it does not intend to take steps that will threaten the company's financial flexibility, long-term competitiveness and ability to deliver future increases in return of capital

Icahn's Misguided Agenda

Proposals Disavowed by Analysts



"\$4/share dividend plan would be financially feasible for the company but would significantly reduce flexibility to pursue new-build opportunities and could jeopardize RIG's investment grade credit ratings, which are important during downturns in the contract drilling sector."

Harry Mateer, Barclays (4/17/13)

"What's galling, in our view, is the unreasonable nature of Icahn's demands, which show a poor understanding of the offshore drilling business and threatens to derail a series of balance sheet and operational improvements during the next few years that we believe will create significant long-term shareholder value....None of his proposed nominees have any offshore drilling experience, two out of three lack any oil and gas background, and all have been or are now associated with current or past Icahn entities."

– Stephen Ellis, Morningstar (4/5/13)

"We do not agree with Mr. Icahn's proposals due to the potential impact on the longer-term competitive standing of the fleet."

– Trey Stolz, Iberia (3/18/13)

"[W]e do not rule out a USD 4/s annual dividend as possible, but timing is not today. RIG's balance sheet is too soft as we see it, with too many loose end[s] needing to be tied up. Internally (operations, fleet growth) and externally (e.g., Macondo, Frade)."

– Truls Olsen, Fearnley Securities (3/18/13)

"We believe it is in RIG shareholders' long term interests to re-stimulate growth instead of simply paying dividends (we agree with management's proposal of a ~4% yield dividend vs. more aggressive calls for a 7%+ yield)."

– Brad Handler, Jefferies (3/15/13)

Icahn's Misguided Agenda

Handpicked Nominees to Pursue Icahn's Misguided Agenda



- We believe nominees are closely tied to Icahn through current and past associations
- In our view, Icahn's Board nominees lack industry experience and are handpicked nominees to pursue Icahn's misguided agenda
 - Two of three have no oil and gas experience
 - None have experience in the offshore drilling industry
 - Limited international exposure
 - General lack of financial and corporate structuring experience
 - Very little experience in a service-oriented industry
 - Limited experience with operator – contractor business models
 - Little exposure to complex international tax treaties and networks

Icahn's Misguided Agenda

Handpicked Nominees to Pursue Icahn's Misguided Agenda



John J. Lipinski

- During his contentious takeover of CVR, Icahn said that Lipinski was...
 - Trying to fool shareholders
 - A CEO with a "dismal" performance and that CVR Energy was being mismanaged
 - More interested in empire building than increasing value
- No offshore drilling experience

Samuel Merksamer

- Long-time employee of Icahn; lack of independence from Icahn that stakeholders and corporate governance experts demand
- No oil and gas operating experience and no experience in the offshore drilling industry
- Little operational experience in any industry

Jose Maria Alapont

- Limited experience as a director of a public company
- No known oil and gas experience and no offshore drilling experience
- Shareholder return performance of Federal-Mogul Corp. under his leadership was (75%)*
- Closely tied with Icahn; relationship since 2005

Notes

*Based on Capital IQ Dividend-Adjusted Total Return for the period April 23, 2008 (relisting date) to April 19, 2013. There may have been factors that contributed to the negative 75% shareholder return other than Mr. Alapont's leadership.



Appendix

Icahn's Misguided Agenda

Icahn Slate Weaknesses are Transocean Nominees' Strengths



	Frederico F. Curado	Thomas W. Cason	Steven L. Newman	Robert M. Sprague	J. Michael Talbert
Oil and gas / offshore drilling experience	0	14	22	36	32
Number of current board seats (outside Transocean)	1	0	0	0	0
CEO / CFO experience	✓	✓	✓	•	✓
International exposure to key RIG markets	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Financial and corporate structure expertise	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Experience working in a service-oriented industry	✓	✓	✓	•	✓
Worked with operator / contractor business model	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
International experience	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Independent	✓	✓	•	✓	✓

Frederico F. Curado, President and CEO - Embraer

Frederico F. Curado has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Embraer S.A. (NYSE: ERJ) since 2008. Mr. Curado joined Embraer in 1984 and has served in a variety of management positions during his career, including Executive Vice President, Airline Market from 1998 to 2007 and Executive Vice President, Planning and Organizational Development from 1997 to 1998. Mr. Curado is also the President of the Brazilian Chapter of the Brazil-United States Business Counsel and a member of Brazil's National Council for Industrial Development. Mr. Curado received his Bachelor of Science degree in Mechanical-Aeronautical Engineering from the Instituto Tecnológico de Aeronáutica in Brazil, a post-graduate degree in foreign trade from the Getúlio Vargas Foundation, Brazil and an executive Masters in Business Administration from the University of São Paulo, Brazil.

The Board of Directors believes Mr. Curado's significant senior management experience operating an international corporation, including experience with Brazilian business and governmental sectors will benefit the Board's decision-making process.



Thomas W. Cason, Former Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer - Baker Hughes

Thomas W. Cason has served as a director of the Company since 2007. He served as a director of GlobalSantaFe Corporation from 2001 until 2007 and of Global Marine, Inc. from 1995 to 2001. Mr. Cason owned and managed five agricultural equipment dealerships until his retirement in 2006. He served as interim President and Chief Operating Officer of Key Tronic Corporation during 1994 and 1995 and was a partner in Hiller Key Tronic Partners, L.P. Mr. Cason previously held various financial and operating positions with Baker Hughes Incorporated, including senior executive positions with Baker Hughes' Drilling Group, serving most recently as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Baker Hughes Incorporated. Mr. Cason started his career as a public accountant with Arthur Young & Company. Mr. Cason served as a member of the Board of Directors of Mirant Corporation from 2006 until December 2010 and was chairman of its Audit Committee from 2006 until 2009. Mr. Cason received his Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting in 1970 from Louisiana State University.

Mr. Cason is an accountant with extensive professional experience in the financial services area of the oilfield services industry. Mr. Cason formerly served as chairman of the Audit Committee for GlobalSantaFe Corporation and has also previously served as chairman of the Audit Committee for the Company and remains a committee member. This overlap in experience, combined with his education, professional experience and institutional knowledge of a legacy company are assets to the Board's decision making process.



Steven L. Newman, President and Chief Executive Officer - Transocean

Steven L. Newman is President and Chief Executive Officer, and a member of the Board of the Company since 2010. Before being named as Chief Executive Officer in March 2010, Mr. Newman served as President and Chief Operating Officer from 2008 to 2009 and subsequently as President. Mr. Newman's prior senior management roles included Executive Vice President, Performance (2007 to 2008), Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer (2006 to 2007), Senior Vice President of Human Resources and Information Process Solutions (2006 to 2006), Senior Vice President of Human Resources, Information Process Solutions and Treasury (2005 to 2006), and Vice President of Performance and Technology (2003 to 2005). He also has served as Regional Manager for the Asia and Australia Region and in international field and operations management positions, including Project Engineer, Rig Manager, Division Manager, Region Marketing Manager and Region Operations Manager. Mr. Newman joined the Company in 1994 in the Corporate Planning Department. Mr. Newman received his Bachelor of Science degree in Petroleum Engineering in 1989 from the Colorado School of Mines and his MBA in 1992 from the Harvard University Graduate School of Business. Mr. Newman is also a member of the Society of Petroleum Engineers.

The Board of Directors believes that it is important for the Company's Chief Executive Officer to serve on the Board. The Chief Executive Officer provides a link between the Board and senior management, and the Board believes that this perspective is important in making decisions for the Company. In addition, Mr. Newman brings an industry and competitive context perspective to the Board which assists the Board in making strategic decisions.



Robert M. Sprague, Former Executive - Royal Dutch/Shell

Robert M. Sprague has served as a director of the Company since 2004. Mr. Sprague is the retired Regional Business Director of Shell EP International BV, a position in which he served from 1997 until 2003. Mr. Sprague served as Director of Strategy & Business Services for Shell EP International BV from 1996 until 1997 and as Exploration & Production Coordinator of Shell International Petroleum BV from 1994 to 1995. Mr. Sprague joined the Royal Dutch/Shell group of companies in 1967 and served in a variety of positions in the United States and Europe during his career, including as a director of Shell Canada Limited, a publicly traded company, from 2000 to 2003. Mr. Sprague received his Bachelor of Science degree in 1966 and his Masters in Electrical Engineering degree in 1967 from Cornell University.

Mr. Sprague is an engineer by education and spent many years serving in senior management in the energy business with one of the Company's customers and thus brings a helpful perspective to the Board. In addition, most of his professional career was spent serving in the oil and gas industry outside the United States, thus bringing an important international perspective to the Board.



J. Michael Talbert, Chairman of the Board - Transocean

J. Michael Talbert has served as a director of the Company since 1994. He has served as the non-executive Chairman of the Board since 2011 and previously served as non-executive Vice Chairman of the Board from 2010 to 2011, non-executive Chairman of the Board from 2004 to 2007 and executive Chairman of the Board from 2002 to 2004. Mr. Talbert also served as Chief Executive Officer from 1994 until 2002, Chairman of the Board of Directors from 1994 until 1999, and as President from 1999 until 2001. Prior to assuming his duties with us, Mr. Talbert was President and Chief Executive Officer of Lone Star Gas Company, a natural gas distribution company and a division of Ensearch Corporation. He was a director of El Paso Corporation from 2003 to 2012, when that company was acquired by Kinder Morgan, Inc. Within the past ten years, Mr. Talbert was also a director and the chairman of TODCO. Mr. Talbert received his Bachelor of Science degree in chemical engineering in 1970 from the University of Akron and his MBA in 1975 from Loyola of the South.

Mr. Talbert holds an engineering degree and an MBA and has extensive executive experience in the energy sector including serving as a senior executive in exploration and production and as the former CEO of Transocean. As a result, he brings a valuable perspective to the Board based upon his in-depth knowledge of the Company and understanding of the business. His knowledge from the customer perspective and his knowledge of the culture of the Company are helpful in analyzing the future direction of the Company. Mr. Talbert also has relevant experience in merger and acquisition activity, including negotiating transactions as well as the integration of combined companies and boards.



Appendix

Comparable Companies



Symbol	Company
Large Cap Services	
SLB	Schlumberger
HAL	Halliburton
BHI	Baker Hughes
WFT	Weatherford
Offshore Construction / Services	
SPM	Saipem
TEC	Technip
SUBC	Subsea 7
OII	Oceaneering
Floating Storage, Production and Offloading Services	
SBMO	SBM Offshore
MODEC	MODEC
BWO	BW Offshore
Equipment	
NOV	National Oilwell Varco
CAM	Cameron International
FTI	FMC Technologies
Land Drillers	
HP	Helmerich & Payne
NBR	Nabors Industries
Offshore Drillers	
RIG	Transocean
SDRL	Seadrill
ESV	Ensco
DO	Diamond Offshore
NE	Noble
RDC	Rowan Companies
ATW	Atwood
PACD	Pacific Drilling
HERO	Hercules Offshore



Transocean Ltd.

May 2013

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- (1) Per Fleet Status Report issued April 18, 2013. Floater classifications are by water depth as described in the Fleet Status Report. Harsh Environment Floaters are included in the appropriate water depth classification. Rig count associated with continuing operations is 83, plus 8 newbuilds. Rigs Under Construction are inclusive of rigs to be accepted by the customer subsequent to April 18, 2013. "Idle" and "Stacked" rig classifications are as described in the Fleet Status Report.
- (2) Excludes submersible rigs.
- (3) Excludes tender rigs.
- (4) Calculated by multiplying the contracted operating dayrate by the firm contract period for 2013 and future periods as of the Fleet Status Report issued April 18, 2013, for continuing operations only. Firm commitments are represented by signed drilling contracts or, in some cases, by other definitive agreements awaiting contract execution. Our contract backlog is calculated by multiplying the full contractual operating dayrate by the number of days remaining in the firm contract period, excluding revenues for mobilization, demobilization and contract preparation or other incentive provisions, which are not expected to be significant to our contract drilling revenues. The contractual operating dayrate may be higher than the actual dayrate we receive or we may receive other dayrates included in the contract, such as a waiting-on-weather rate, repair rate, standby rate or force majeure rate. The contractual operating dayrate may also be higher than the actual dayrate we receive because of a number of factors, including rig downtime or suspension of operations. In certain contracts, the dayrate may be reduced to zero if, for example, repairs extend beyond a stated period of time.
- (5) As of December 31, 2012.
- (6) Spread between BBB- and BB as of August 25, 2011.
- (7) Assumes shares outstanding of 359.5MM, as of December 31, 2012 and effective tax rate of 20%.
- (8) As of April 19, 2013; share price: \$48.53.
- (9) Defined as average of dividend paid as a percentage of net income from 2010 through 2012 for comparable companies in respective peer group (see Appendix for breakdown of peer group); Floating Storage, Production and Offloading – Lease excludes 2011 and 2012 BWO payout ratio due to net losses in respective years and 2011 SMBO payout ratio due to net loss.
- (10) Excludes Transocean; Offshore drillers include SDRL, DO, ESV, NE, RDC, ATW, PACD and HERO.
- (11) Defined as annualized last indicated quarterly dividend per share divided by current share price for comparable companies in respective peer group (see Appendix "Comparable Companies" for breakdown of peer group); Market data as of April 19, 2013.