

## Transocean Ltd. and Subsidiaries Supplemental Effective Tax Rate Analysis

(In US\$ millions, except tax rates)

	Three months ended						Years ended			
	December 31, 2015		September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014		December 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes Add back (subtract):	\$	683	\$	344	\$	(752)	\$	1,030	\$	(1,800)
Litigation matters		-		-		-		(788)		(18)
Restructuring charges		27		3		1		47		10
Loss on impairment of goodwill and other assets		28		13		1,210		1,867		4,043
Gain on disposal of other assets, net		(7)		(1)		(6)		(13)		(4)
Loss (gain) on retirement of debt		(16)		(7)		8		(23)		13
Adjusted income from continuing operations before income taxes		715		352		461		2,120	·	2,244
Income tax (benefit) expense from continuing operations Add back (subtract):		66		17		10		206		146
Litigation matters		-		-		-		(53)		(6)
Restructuring charges		5		1		-		7		1
Loss (gain) on impairment of goodwill and other assets		(1)		-		48		154		143
Gain on disposal of other assets, net		(2)		-		(2)		(1)		(2)
Changes in estimates (1)		26		9		66		35		138
Adjusted income tax expense from continuing operations (2)	\$	94	\$	27	\$	122	\$	348	\$	420
Effective Tax Rate (3)		9.7%		4.9%		-1.3%		20.0%		-8.1%
Annual Effective Tax Rate (4)		13.1%		7.5%		26.5%		16.4%		18.7%

- (1) Our estimates change as we file tax returns, settle disputes with tax authorities or become aware of other events and include changes in (a) deferred taxes, (b) valuation allowances on deferred taxes and (c) other tax liabilities.
- (2) The three months and year ended December 31, 2015 includes \$(6) million of additional tax expense (benefit) reflecting the catch-up effect of an increase (decrease) in the annual effective tax rate from the previous quarter estimate.
- (3) Effective Tax Rate is income tax expense for continuing operations, divided by income from continuing operations before income taxes.
- (4) Annual Effective Tax Rate is income tax expense for continuing operations, excluding various discrete items (such as changes in estimates and tax on items excluded from income before income taxes), divided by income from continuing operations before income tax expense, excluding gains and losses on sales and similar items pursuant to the accounting standards for income taxes and estimating the annual effective tax rate.